

Building the defense of tomorrow together

Opportunities in nanostructures and nanomaterials for Defense applications

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Head materials, chemistry, energy scientific domain

Presented by **François Barthelemy,**
Expert materials on ballistic and protection



DGA MISSIONS



**Equipping
the Armed Forces**

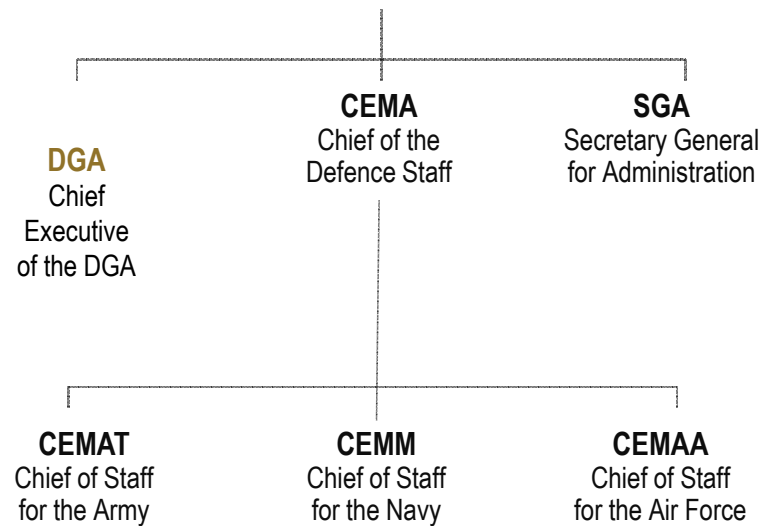


**Preparing the future
of Defence systems**

**Promoting Defence
equipment exports**



**MINISTRY
OF
DEFENCE**



DGA ORGANISATION

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OF THE DGA
LAURENT COLLET-BILLON

Deputy Director General
VINCENT IMBERT

Deputy for Modernisation
BENOÎT LAURENSOU

Inspection
NORBERT FARGÈRE

Scientific Advisor
HISHAM ABOU-KANDIL

Communication
FLORENCE FAYOLLE

Defence and Information Security
MARIE-FRANCE DE ROODENBECKE

Armament Gendarmerie
JEAN-LUC PAYRARD

Chief of staff
YANNICK CAILLIEZ

Modernisation & Quality
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Operations Directorate
MONIQUE LEGRAND-LARROCHE

International Development Directorate
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Human Resources Directorate
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Strategy Directorate
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Technical Directorate
FRANÇOIS COTÉ

Plans, Programmes & Budget Directorate
CHRISTOPHE FOURNIER



LOCATIONS IN FRANCE



Strategy directorate : Missions of MRIS*

* Office for Advanced Research and Innovation

- Explore **New Scientific Ideas**, identify future threats
- **Identify** and **Orientate** Research with **Defense Interest** ; detect emerging technologies
- Create and Monitor a Scientists and Engineers Community ;
Manage a complete ecosystem
 - **a chain of stakeholders** : research laboratories, academic and industrial partners
 - **a strategy** : sciences & technologies for the Ministry of Defence
 - **tools and systems** : from the laboratory to the demonstrator (ASTRID, RAPID, PHD, investment programs)
- Facilitate **Transfer** of Research Results ; **Promote** Scientific Policy of DGA
- **Share** the Effort with Civil Research (**Dual Use**)
and with Foreign Countries (**international**)



Scientific domain : Materials, Chemistry & Energy

Materials

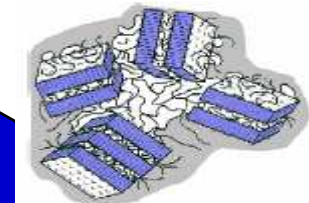
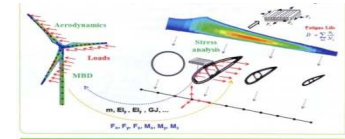
Materials for structures

Thermal and mechanical sollicitations - Microstructures
Composites – Superalloy - Ceramique

Fonctional materials

Multi functional surfaces, Electromagnetisme
Nanomaterials, Metamaterials, Piezoelectric

Process, simulation - experimentation,
bonding, NDC



Chimistry Surfaces

Surface behaviour, interface
Chemical and biochemical behaviour
Catalysis

Detection - Decontamination

Environment : Alternative products & concepts
B & C detection and identification

Energetic materials

Microstructure

Energy

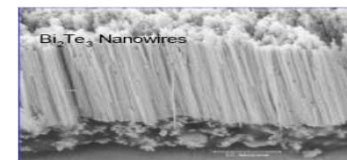
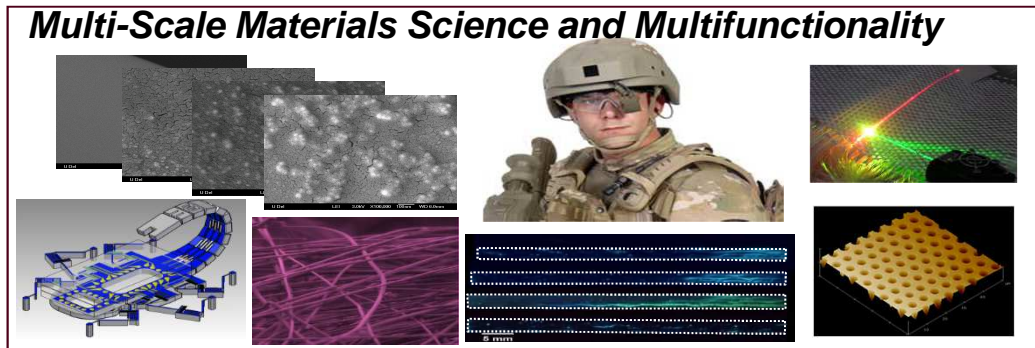
Material behaviour

Electrochemical behaviour
Thermodynamical phenomena

New sources - Stockage

Photovoltaïque, PAC

Interest in nanoscale : new properties; multi-functionality of materials



Surface

Optical

New behaviour appears at the
nanoscale

Thermal

Electronic

Magnetic

Mechanical

R & D : Operational aspects

- **Protection of combatants (infantry and platforms)**
 - Optimize the compromise : Cost - Protection (efficiency) - Weight (mobility)
- **Platforms: vehicles / aircraft / ships**
 - Lightweight structure (improve mobility / autonomy)
Maintenance (involved cost)
 - Ensure time life
 - Protect surfaces (fight against corrosion) complying with environmental regulations
 - Control the wear of rotating parts (tribology)
 - Ensuring controllability of new structured
 - Increase stealth to improve protection : materials signature
 - Improve tolerance to battle damage and know-how in terms of repairs (on the theater of operations)
- **Ensure the independence and energy security (mobility)**
 - Energy Storage
 - Storage efficiency
 - Pyrotechnic safety, compliance with regulations: environmental, transportation, H & S etc

Nanotechnologies domain : technical sub-themes



Nanoelectronics
Integration of Nano Devices

Communications

- Increase rate/reach
- Agility/stealth
- Decrease the size
- Wireless communications

Soldier Protection

- CBRN threats
- Others threats : shots, detection...
- Smart textiles
- IFF



• Nanobiotechnologies
• Nanoelectronic
• Nanomaterials
• Integration of Nano Devices

Threats detection :

Radar, electronic warfare

- Decrease the complexity of FE architectures
- Increase frequencies up to the sub-mm
- Drastic reduction of size, weight, costs...
(evolution to drones)

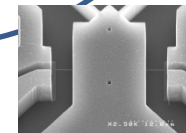


Guidance/Navigation

- Indoor localisation
- Decrease size, costs...
- Improve performances

MEMS/NEMS

- Nanoelectronics
- Integration of Nano Devices



• Nanoelectronics ; • Nanophotonics
• Nanomaterials ; • MEMS/NEMS
• Integration of Nano Devices



Materials, Chemistry, Energy --- Main Technological priorities

- Multifunctional materials: Structure / properties /processing /durability relationships
- Materials for lightening structures
- Advanced Concepts for armor and ammunition
 - New projectiles (nanomaterials, metallic glasses, multi materials)
 - New protections (composites, transparents)
- Development processes (SPS, additive manufacturing, Thermal spraying, sol-gel deposition...)

- Surface treatments and catalytic processes
- Propellants and highly energetic materials
 - Securing ammunition and increased performance
- Renewable energy harvesting in non-cooperative environment
- Energy Storage : Electrochemical and thermochemical behaviour
- Supply chains availability : eco-design, sustainable alternative methods

Impact of Nano- Science & Technology for Defence

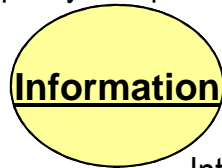
Ultra-high speed, high capacity, low power electronics

Secure Communications
Quantum Cryptography

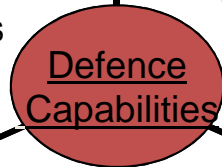
Quantum Computing
Distributed, networked sensors

Novel medical treatments
Wound repair

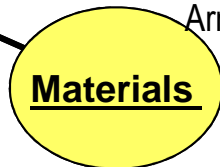
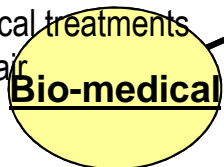
Personal monitoring
Chemical and Biological agent detection
Decontamination



Nanoelectronics,
Molecular electronics,
(nano)photonics
Intelligent, autonomous systems

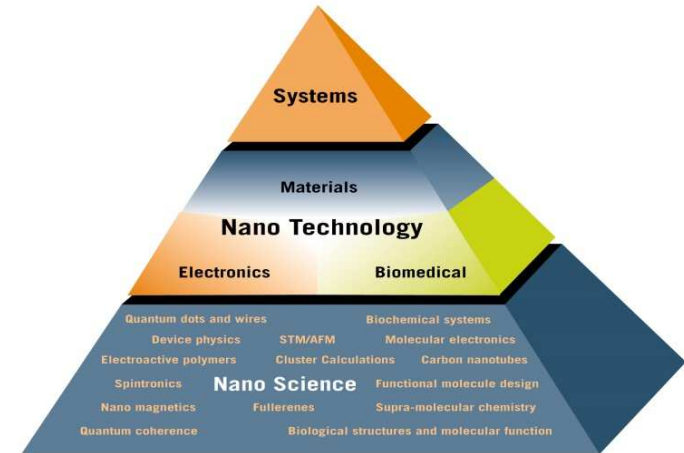


Explosives detection
Structural Materials
Light /strong /tough
Armour/Protection



Energetic materials
Insensitive munitions
High capacity batteries
Energy harvesting

Nano-composites
Functional Materials
Signature control / Camouflage
Adaptable optical/electromagnetic properties
Multifunctional sensors
Active / smart structures, adhesives, textiles, coatings
Novel Thermoelectrics, Photovoltaics



2 scientific domains : Materials – Chemistry - Energy, Nanotechnologies - Electronics

Nanolsrael 2016 - The 5th International Nanotechnology Conference & Exhibition

Dual use **2016 research on Nanomaterials**

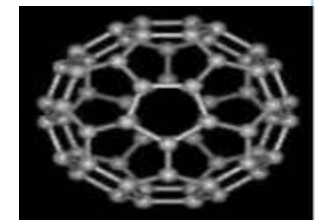
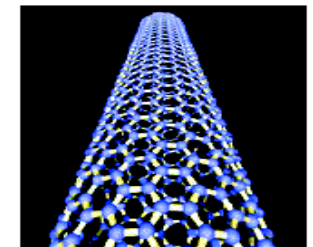
- Material to improve capability to withstand corrosion
- Bioinspired structures (hydrophoby, surface aspects, reinforcement...)
- New processes : additive manufacturing, Spark Plasma Sintering (nanoscale control)
- Thermal and Electrical conduction
- Chemical synthesis with catalysis

Military applications

- **Nanomaterials, metallic glasses for armor or war heads**
- **CNT Reinforce to enhance structural performances**
- **High temperature materials (MMC or CMC) for aircraft engine; Self-repairing materials**
- **Functional materials based on pigments, nanoporous materials for reduced SER or SIR**
- **Nano structural Surface for corrosion control, hydrophobia, high performance antireflexion coating**
- **Lab on chip for biological trace detection**
- **Nanomaterials for catalytic decontamination**

Energetic Applications

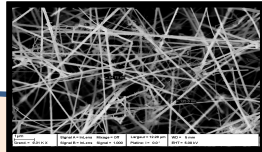
- Nano architectural Catalysts for Fuel Cells
- Nano composites for Hydrogen Storage
- Nano charges for pyrotechnic components



Scope of Nanotechnologies domain : scientific sub themes

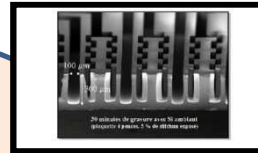
Micro & Nanoelectronics:

- Nanoelectronics
- Molecular electronics
- Organic or flexible electronics
- Spintronics
- Nanomagnetism
- 3D integration(wafer level)
- Microwave Photonics
- Thermal management



Micro & Nanosystems

- MEMS RF
- Inertial MEMS/NEMS
- Chemical and biological MEMS/NEMS



Nanophotonics

- Microwave photonics components
- Nano-systems with optical functions

Reliability

Harsh environment

Nanomaterials

- Functionalized and smart textiles
- New materials for components

Nanobiotechnologies

- Chemical and biological sensors
- Micro fluidic devices

Integration of Nano (micro) devices

- Autonomous and communicating sensors
- Micro-Nano antennas
- Miniaturized inertial measurement unit
- Labs on chips

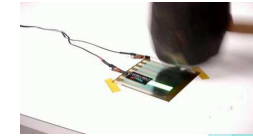


Focus on main technological priorities for electronic

- **New technologies for soldier's equipment:**
 - Devices for detection and identification of CBR-E threats, fast and reliable preparation of complex samples;
 - innovative technology for in-field fast sequencing
 - Very low light level CMOS imagers. Embedded intelligence closer to pixel
 - Smart and functionalized textiles: protection, filtering, self decontamination, camouflage, integration of antennas and sensors...
- **New components for microwave chains and communications:**
 - Miniaturized components, high flexibility, down to sub millimeter wavelength; innovative microwave photonic components
 - RF MEMS and associated packaging .Superconductivity.
 - 3D printing and related specific materials
- **New components for inertial systems:**
 - New materials, innovative design. Medium or higher class performance
- **Integration of Nano devices:**
 - Autonomous sensors with wireless communications, nanodrones
 - Micro/nano-antennas reconfigurable in frequency and directivity
 - Ultra-miniaturized inertial measurement unit.



Flexible Display



OLED Pixel

Some exemples on nanomaterial developments

- Manufacturing : Additive technologies, SPS, microwaves, sol gel deposition
- Biomimetisme : mechanical properties, microstructure, surface aspect
- Stealth, antennas : metamaterials
- Chemistry detectors
- Energy : new sources
- Soldier protection

Manufacturing :

High temperature materials : ceramics and metals Organic materials – blocks copolymers

■ Additive manufacturing :

- Architected structures cooled by transpiration
- Powder projection : macrostructure at 2 scales (micro and nanometric)

■ Microwave process

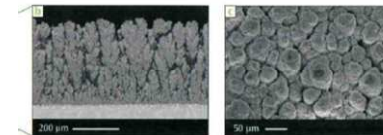
- Powders melting
- Solidification of sol gel deposition - controlled solvent evaporation
 - The coupling of microwave heating with the sol-gel process strongly influences the solid formation process, allowing control of particle size, size distribution and their crystal structure.

■ NANOTM : Application of nanomaterials for warheads

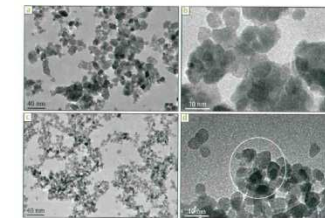
« Spark Plasma Sintering – SPS » process technology



Combustion chamber made in one piece by SLM : dilution holes and multi-perforation . Inconel 718 metal (EADS IW)



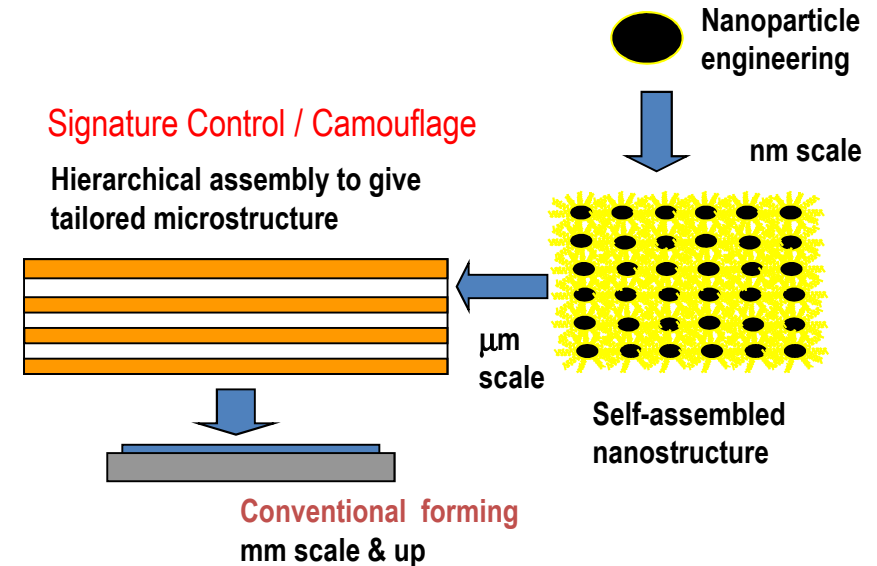
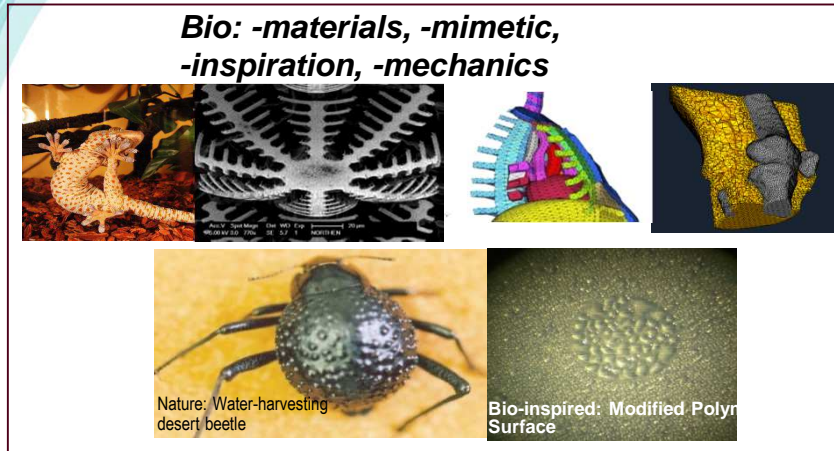
columnar thermal barrier deposited on moving turbine blade



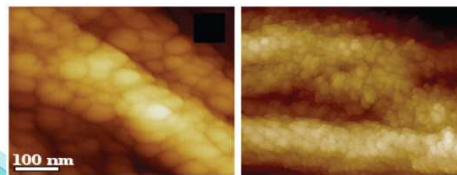
ZrO₂

(CEA)

“Bio-inspired” new materials by self- and directed assembly



European centre on biomimetisme : CEEBIOS at senlis, near Paris



Nanostructuration of bones



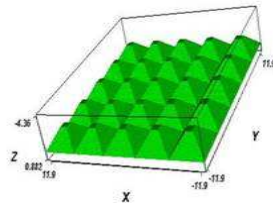
Mussels

Mechanical properties, bonding

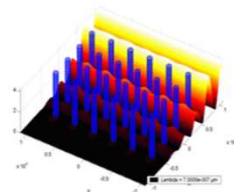
Metamaterials

- Metamaterials or forbidden band gap Materials to have singular effects applied to optical and EM properties control

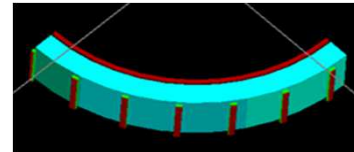
Stealthy materials



Protection

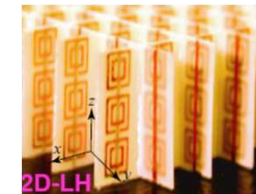
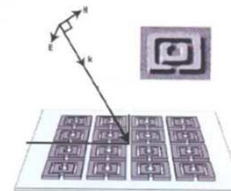


Windows



Improving the antennas and develop new stealth concepts - masking: control the optical or electromagnetic coupling

- EHRHARDT Kévin (Bordeaux)** : Measurement and modeling of effective properties of meta self-assembled materials formed of resonant metal nanoparticles
- MIMICRA : Metamaterial Inspired Microwave Conformal Radar Antennas (MIMiCRA 2)**
 - Increase the capacity and potential of radar detection of aeronautical platforms by using new metamaterials to manufacture antennas.



Soldier protection

- Nanocrystalline ceramics
- Hierarchical nanocomposites
- Nanocrystalline metals
- Novel fibres
- Shear thickening fluids
- Novel dielectrics
- Sensing



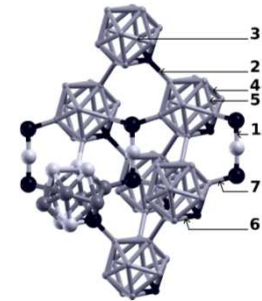
Equipment for effective deployment, protection and survivability

- Power provision and management
- Reduce heat burden
- Body armour, CBRN Protection
- Network communications
- Camouflage, Signature control
- Biological protection

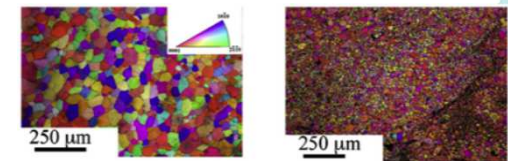
Structural material : ballistic protection and kinetic warheads

PhD thesis

- **Aharonian Charles (CIFRE Limoges):**
 - Development of ceramic matrices composite and / or layered architectures for ballistic protection of persons
- **Jay Antoine :**
 - Theoretical study of the effect of defects on the physical properties of ceramics
- **Zinszner Jean Luc :**
 - Identification of material parameters governing shielding performance ceramics
- **MAUDE :** metallic materials with Ultra-thin grains produced by dynamic plastic deformation
 - Scale-up, mechanical properties and deformation mechanisms)
- **CERAMBALL :** Light weight ceramics for ballistic protection
- **FLECHE :**
 - New materials for High Performance kinetic energy penetrator (OFL)
 - Study of nano-powders and metallic glasses solutions



Structure of B_4C

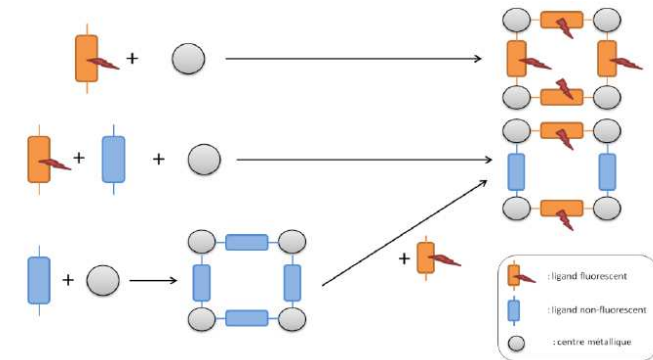


Filtering size of polycrystalline Zn grains after impact in fast dynamics sollicitation

Chemistry : detection systems - decontamination

■ B & C sensors: alerte and identification

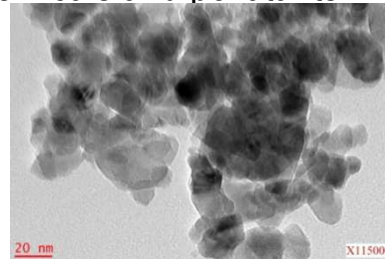
- PhD thesis Paul Rouschmeyer (Univ. Versailles) : hybrid porous solids photoactive



Schematic diagram of the two MOF synthesis routes mixed ligands

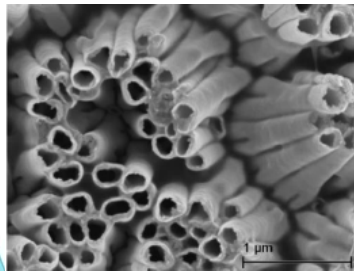
■ Decontamination, Protection

- PhD thesis Armelle Perard (univ. Strasbourg) : Decontamination and remediation Photocatalytic. Production of a device for eliminating toxic chemicals and pollutants in air and water



TiO₂ : sol gel synthesis with calcination at 500°C and directly doped with Sn⁴⁺

Energy – material behavior and new sources



Pt nanotubes

- **Noémie ELGRISHI :**
 - Towards a photoelectrochemical cell for the reduction of fuel into carbon dioxide
- **Mathieu LEPESANT :**
 - Study and implementation of multi-metallic catalysts for nano-organized PEM fuel cell
- **Léonard THOMMY :**
 - Development of new electrode for high temperature electrochemical converters materials: fuel cells and electrolyzers

Conclusions

Nanomaterials will lead to new capabilities for defence and security technology applications

A lot of applications :

- Protective Systems
- Communications (covert, secure) and information processing
- Camouflage, 'stealth', mimicry / disguise
- Sensors and surveillance systems
- Power provision and usage

Importance

- to develop a knowledge on materials « structure- process – properties » relationships including modelisation at different scales (micro – meso – macro)
- to optimize and control the nanostructure

Thank you for your attention !

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francois.barthelemy@intradef.gouv.fr



GLOBAL ANALYSIS, ON THE BASIS OF REFERENCE DOCUMENTS



Type of research funding tools for defense

