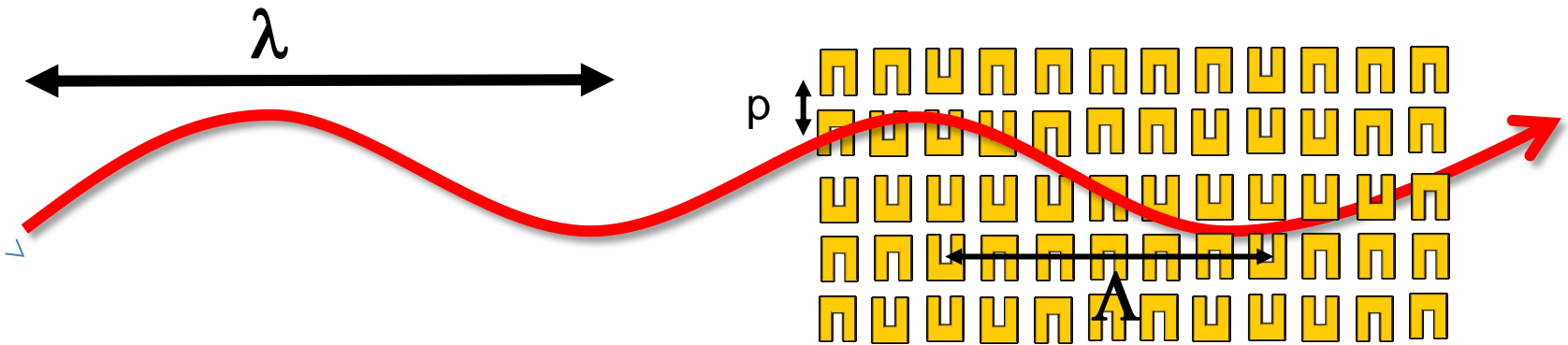


Manipulation of Harmonics and Hybrid Light-Matter States with Optical Metasurfaces

Tal Ellenbogen

Department of Physical Electronics, School of Electrical Engineering, Tel-Aviv University

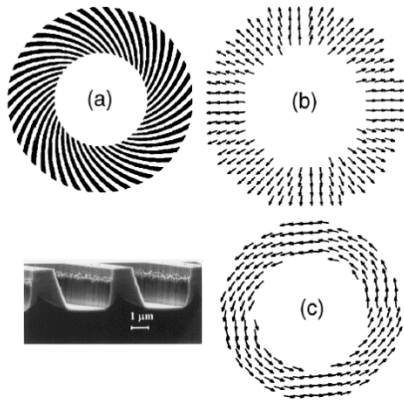
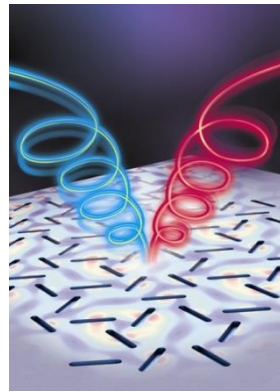
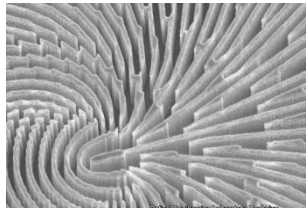
website: www.eng.tau.ac.il/~tal/neolab



Metasurfaces New Physics and Applications

Hasman's group

Space variant sub-wavelength gratings
Spinoptical Metamaterials



Science 340 (2013)

Pancharatnam phase

Opt. Lett. 27, 285-287 (2002)

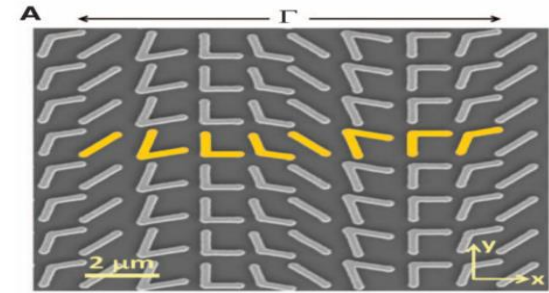
Opt. Lett. 29, 238-240 (2004)

Opt. Commun. 251, 306 (2005)

Generalized Snell's Law

Science 334
(2011)

Science 335
(2012)

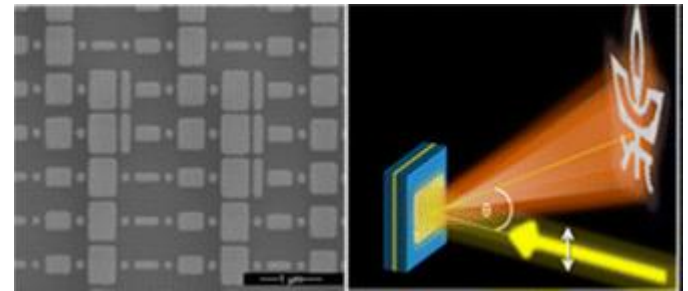


Chromatic Plasmonic Polarizers



Ellenbogen et. al Nano Lett. 12, 1026-1031 (2012)

Broadband Holography



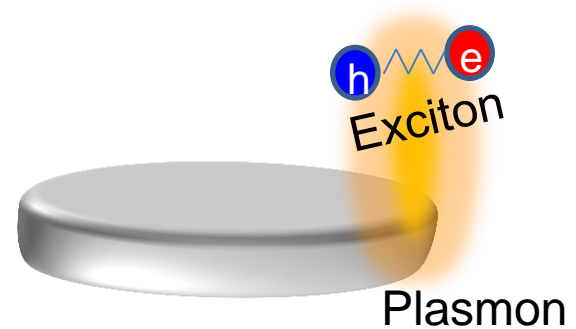
Yifat et. al Nano Lett. 14, 2485-2490 (2014)

Exploring active metasurfaces

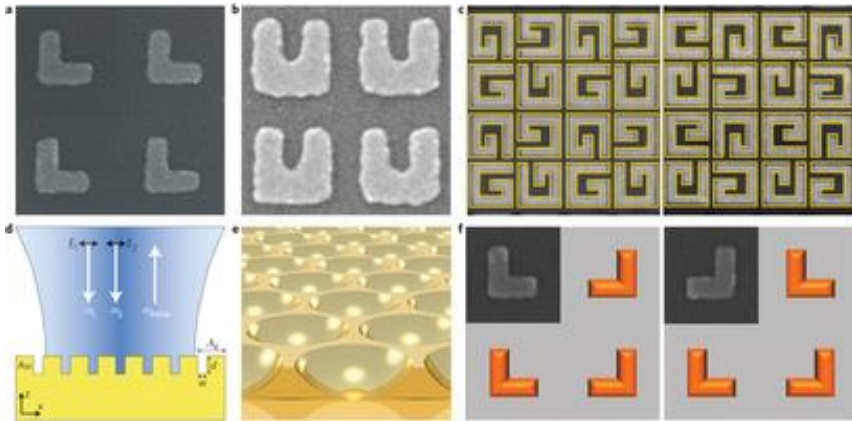
I Structural quadratic Nonlinearity



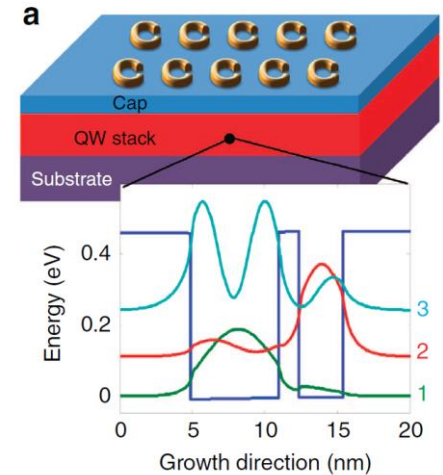
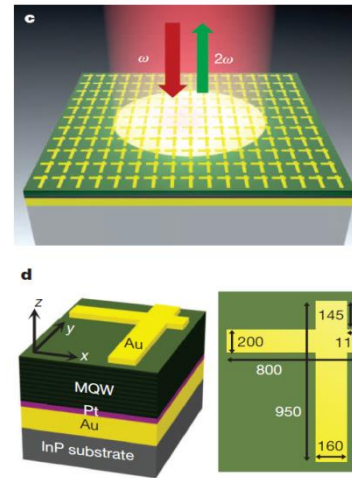
II Exciton-plasmon hybridization



Nonlinear Metamaterials - Enhanced Nonlinearity and Functionality



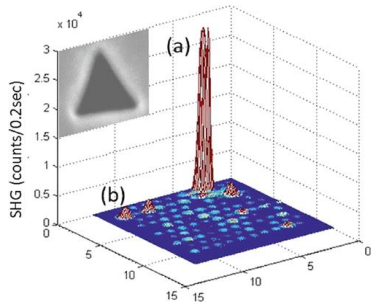
M. Kauranen and A. V. Zayats, *Nat. Photonics* **6** (2012)



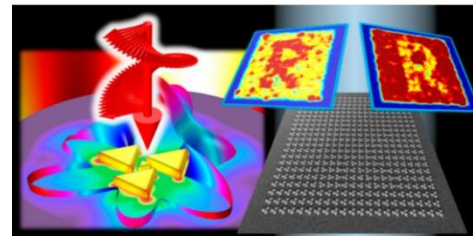
O. Wolf, et al., *Nat. Commun.* **6**, 7667 (2015)
 J. Lee, et al., *Nature* **511**, 65 (2014)
Resonant $\chi^{(2)}$ 3-5 orders of magnitude larger nonlinearity

Functionality

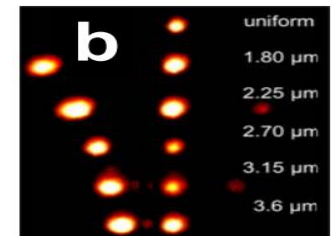
Shape based quadratic nonlinearity



A. Salomon, M. Zielinski, R. Kolkowski, J. Zyss, and Y. Prior, *J. Phys. Chem. C* **117** (2013)



Kolkowski et al. *ACS Photonics* **2** (2015)
 Nano Israel 2016



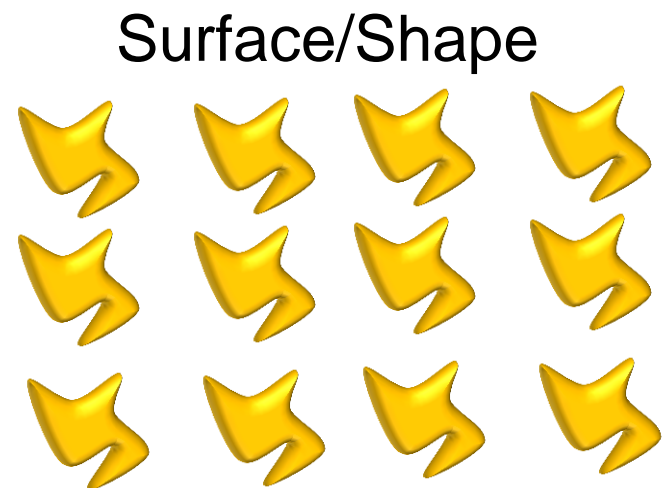
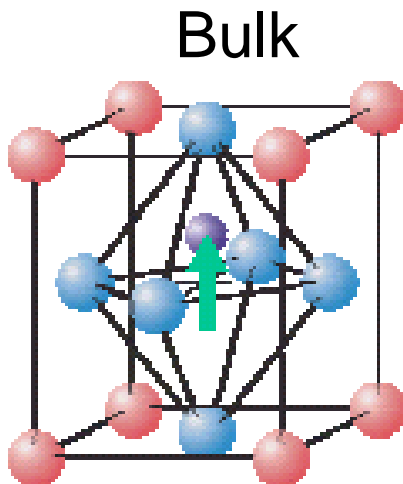
Almeida et al. *Nat. Commun.* **7** (2015)

Symmetry considerations Quadratic Optical Nonlinearity

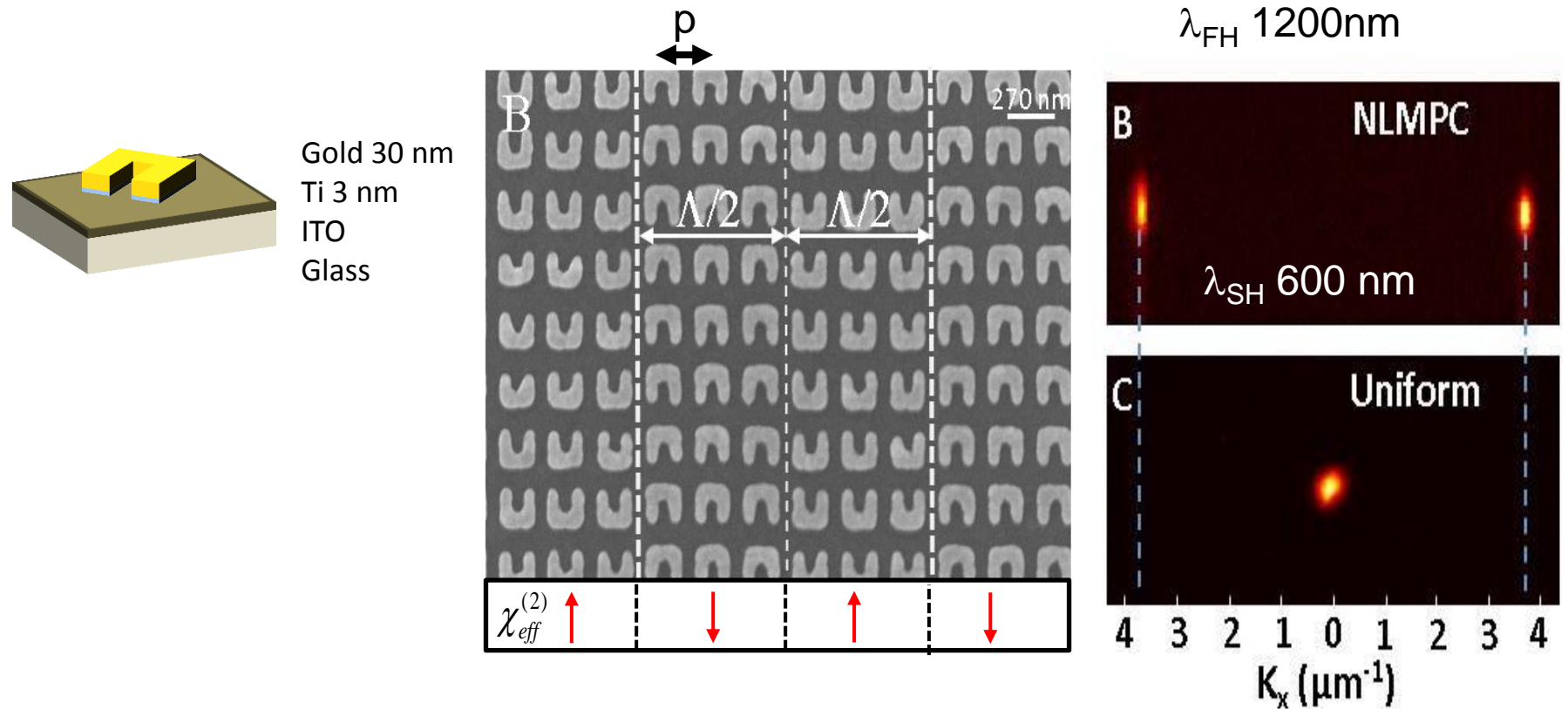
$$P_i = \varepsilon_0 [\chi_{ij}^{(1)} E_j + \chi_{ijk}^{(2)} E_j E_k + \chi_{ijkl}^{(3)} E_j E_k E_l + \dots]$$

Inversion symmetry	$P(-E) = -P(E)$	$\chi^{(\text{even})} = 0$
--------------------	-----------------	----------------------------

Breaking symmetry



Experimental Results - Nonlinear Diffraction from Metamaterial based Photonic Crystal



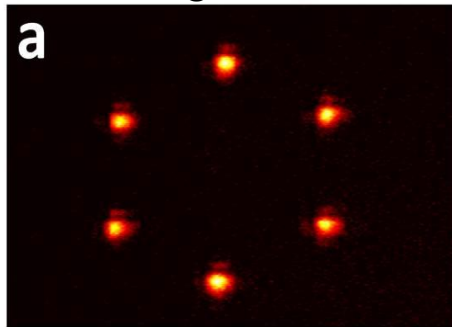
N. Segal, S. Keren-Zur, N. Hendler and T. Ellenbogen, Nature Photon. **9**, 180-184 (2015)

Nano Israel 2016

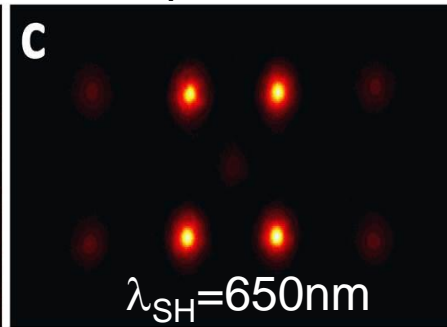
Experimental Results - NLMPC

Nonlinear diffraction from 2D Crystals

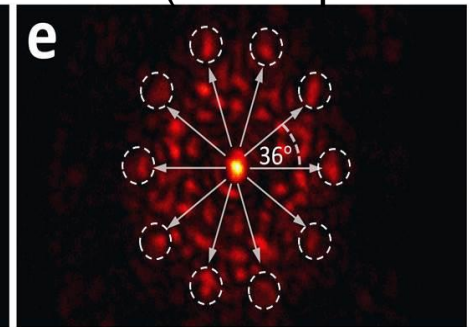
Triangular



Square

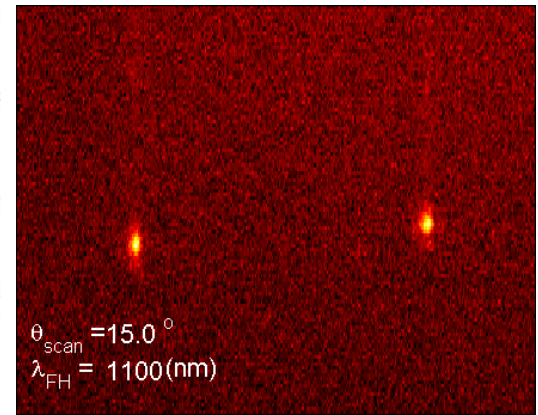
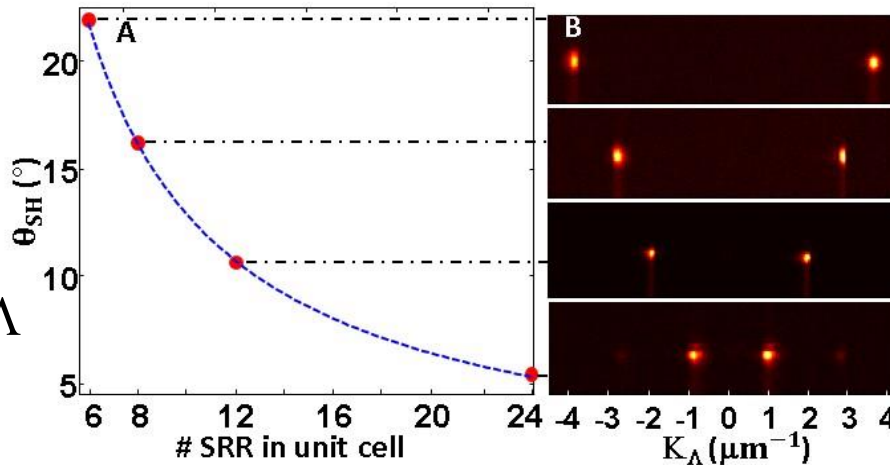


Penrose (Quasi-periodic)

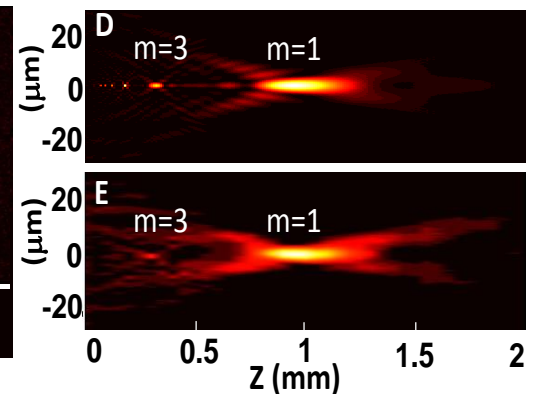
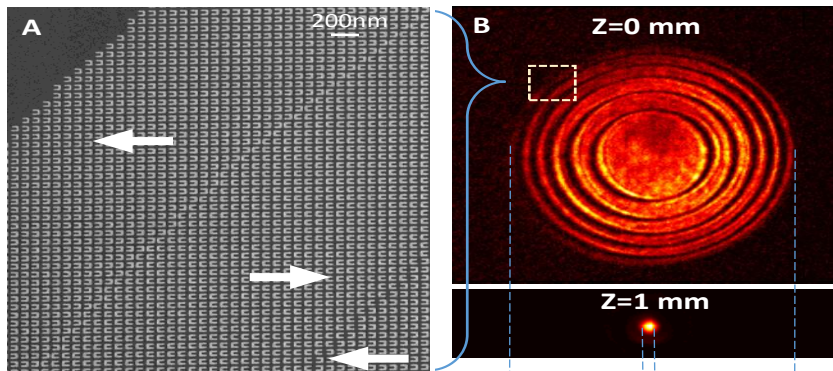


All-Optical Scanning

$$\sin \theta_{SH} = m\lambda_1 / 2\Lambda$$



Nonlinear Focusing of SH



Nature Photon. **9**,
180-184 (2015)

Beam shaping with metasurface based nonlinear computer generated holograms

$$\chi_{eff}^{(2)}(x, y) = \chi_{SRR}^{(2)} \text{sign} \left\{ \cos \left[\frac{2\pi x}{\Lambda} - \varphi(x, y) \right] - \cos[\pi q(x, y)] \right\}$$

$\varphi(x, y)$ – encodes phase

$q(x, y)$ - encodes the amplitude

A. Shapira, R. Shiloh, I. Juwiler, and A. Arie, Opt. Lett. **37**, 2136 (2012)

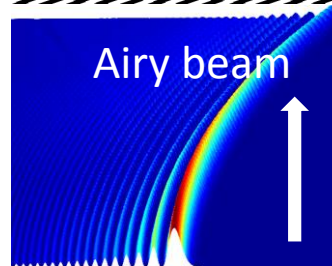
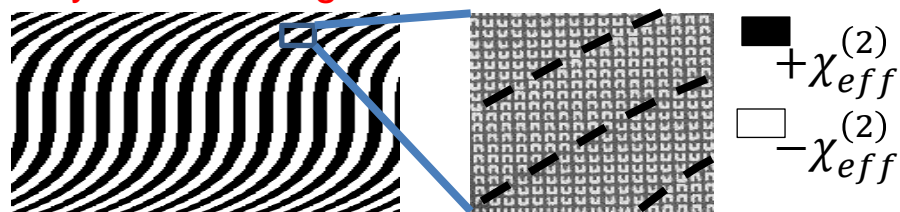
Airy Beam Hologram

$$\chi_{eff}^{(2)}(x, y) = \chi_{SRR}^{(2)} \text{sign} \left[\cos \left(\frac{2\pi}{\Lambda} x - f_c y^3 \right) \right]$$

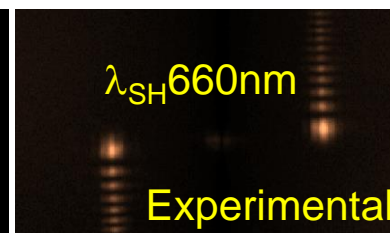
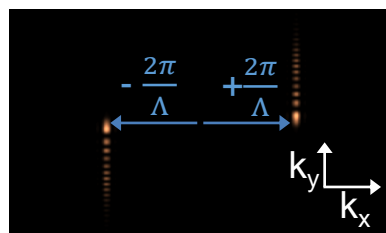
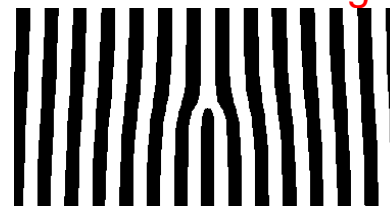
Vortex Beam Hologram

$$\chi_{eff}^{(2)}(x, \phi) = \chi_{SRR}^{(2)} \text{sign} \left[\cos \left(\frac{2\pi}{\Lambda} x - l\phi \right) \right]$$

Airy Beam Hologram



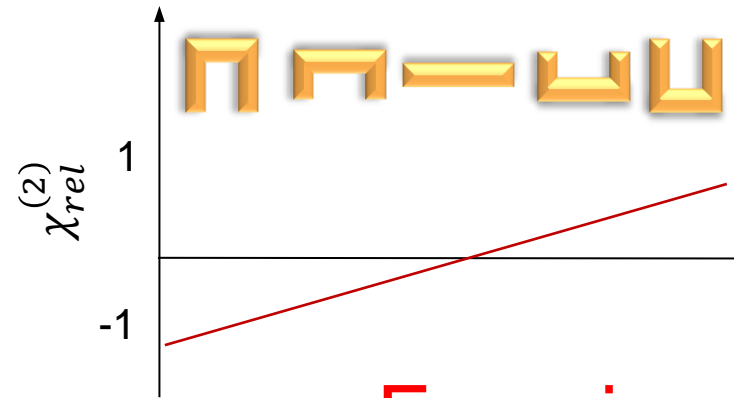
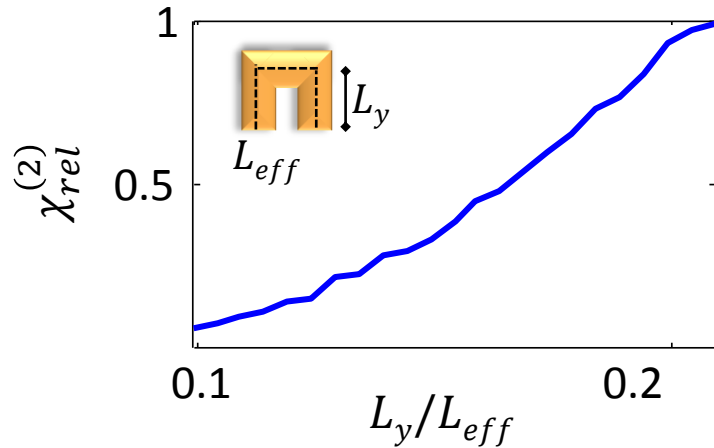
Vortex Beam Hologram



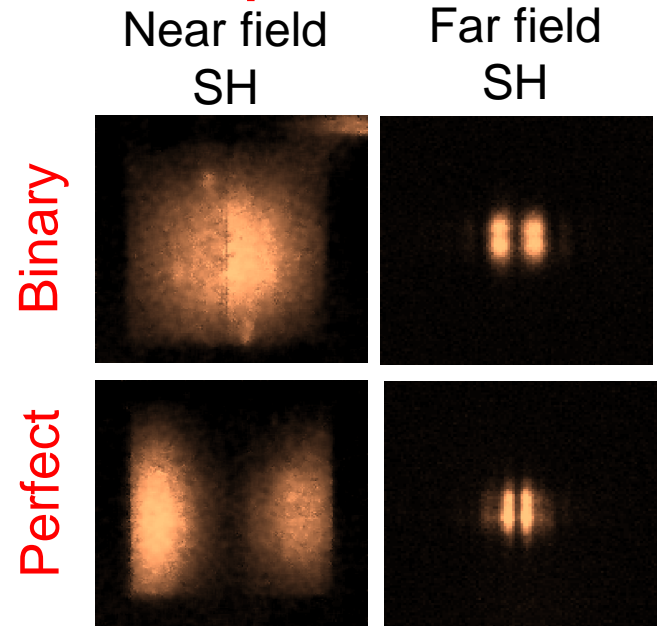
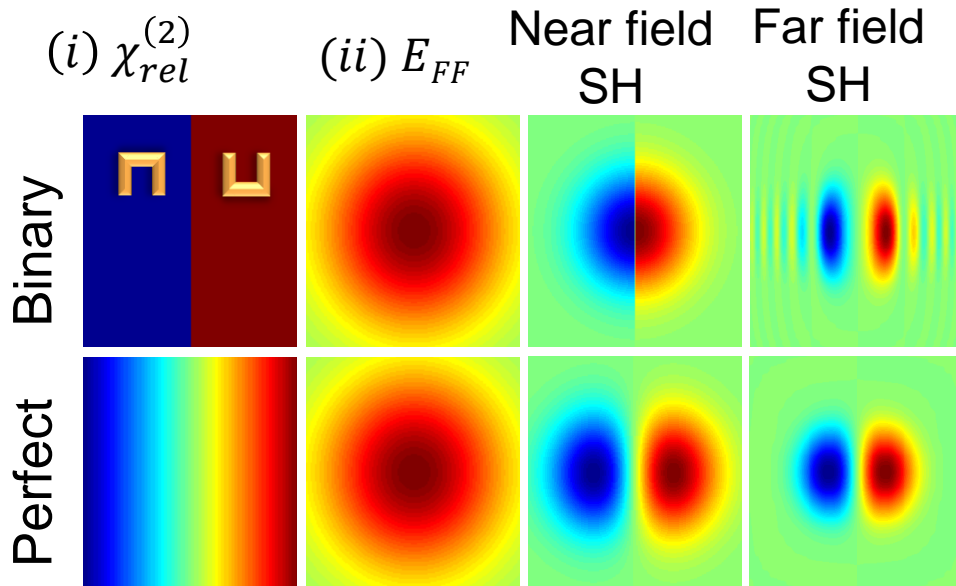
S. Keren-Zur, O. Avayu, L. Michaeli, and T. Ellenbogen, ACS Photonics **3**, 117-123 (2016)

Perfect beam shaping metasurfaces HG_{01}

K. O'Brien, H. Suchowski, et. al., Nat. Mater. **14**, 379 (2015).

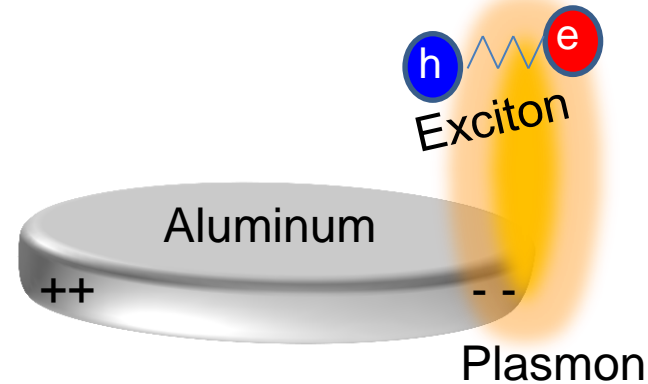
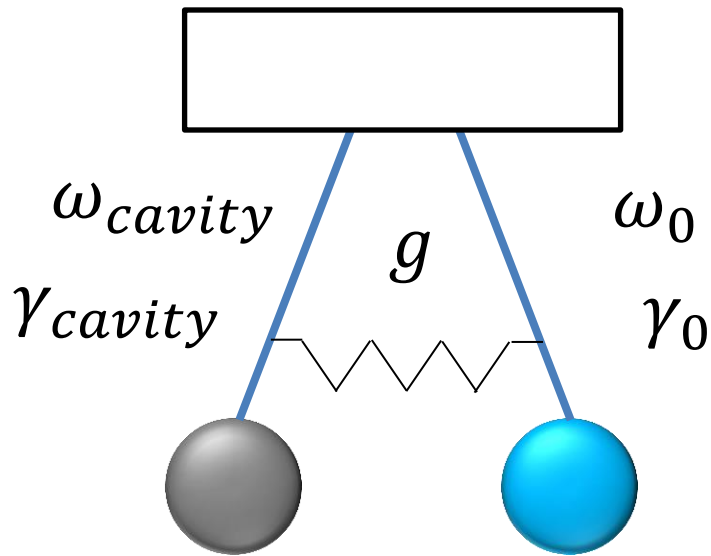


Experiment



S. Keren-Zur, O. Avayu, L. Michaeli, and T. Ellenbogen, ACS Photonics **3**, 117-123 (2016)

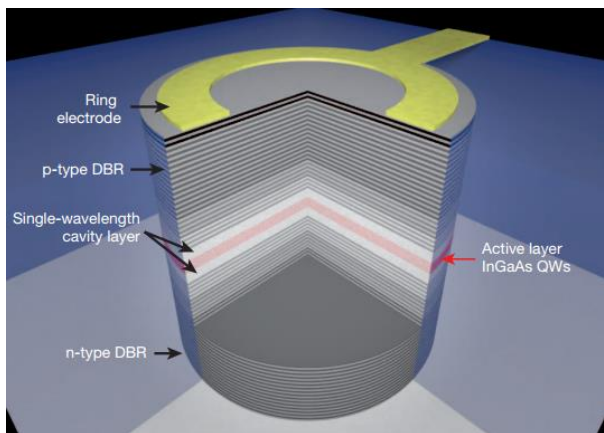
Exciton Plasmon as Coupled Oscillators



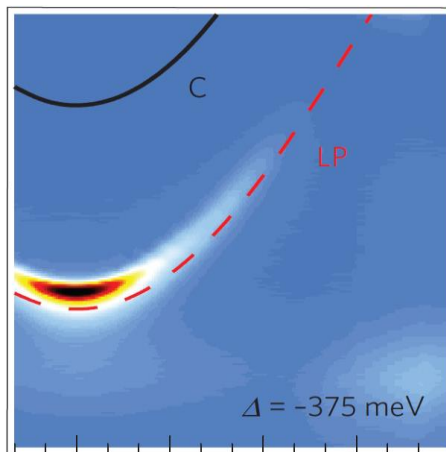
$$\begin{pmatrix} U_{cavity} - i\frac{\gamma_{cavity}}{2} & g \\ g & U_0 - i\frac{\gamma_0}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix} = U_{LP,UP} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U_{LP,UP} = \frac{1}{2} \left[U_0 + U_{cavity} - i \left(\frac{\gamma_0}{2} + \frac{\gamma_{cavity}}{2} \right) \pm \sqrt{4g^2 + \left(U_0 - U_{cavity} - i \left(\frac{\gamma_0}{2} - \frac{\gamma_{cavity}}{2} \right) \right)^2} \right]$$

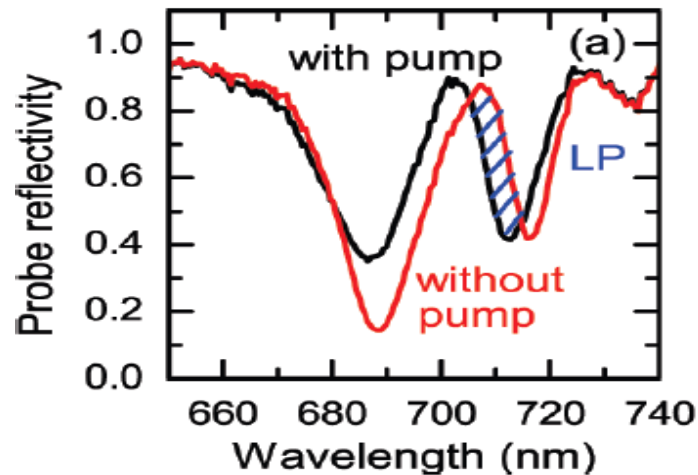
Fundamental Science and Applications



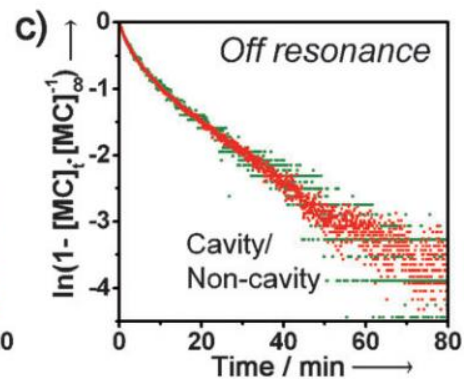
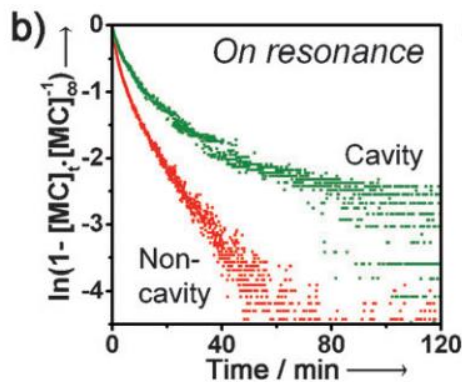
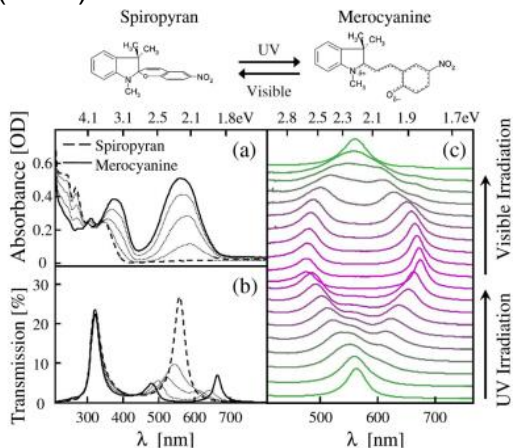
Schneider, ..., Reitzenstein, et al., *Nature* 497 (2013)



Daskalakis, et al. *Nat. Mater.* 13 (2014)

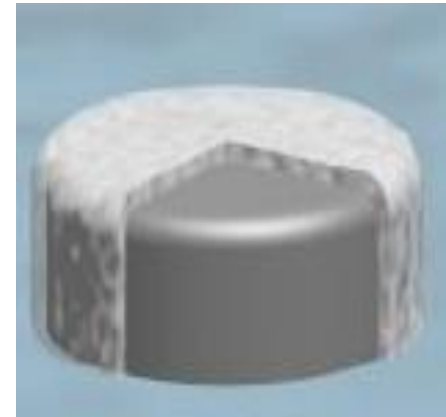
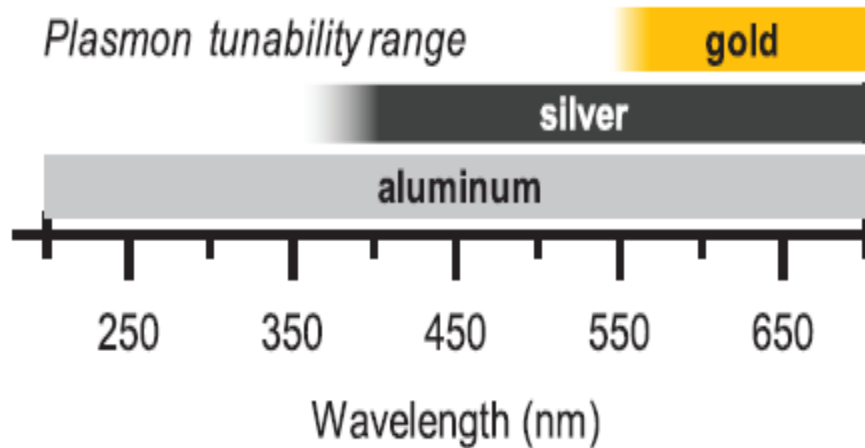


Vasa, P. et al. *ACS Nano* 4 (2010)



- J. Hutchison, D. O'Carroll, T. Schwartz, et al., *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 50 (2011).
 T. Schwartz, et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 106 (2011).
 J. Hutchison, T. Schwartz, et al. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 51 (2012).
 T. Schwartz et al., *ChemPhysChem* 14 (2013).

Why use Aluminum for Plasmonics



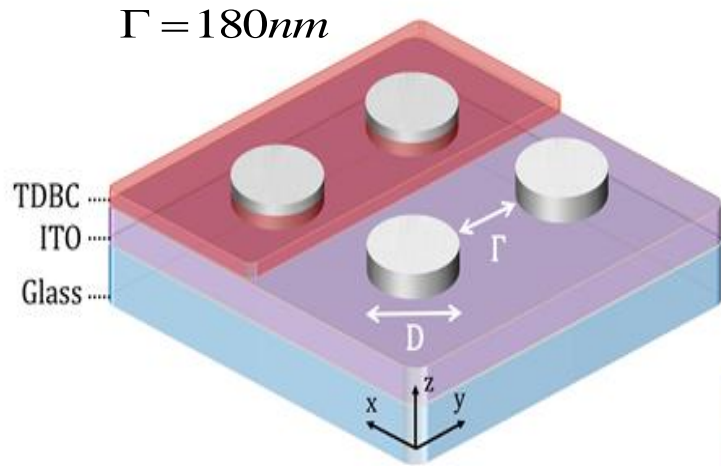
2-3nm stable oxide

- ✓ Support LSPs from visible to UV frequencies.
- ✓ Durable due to the stable oxide layer.
- ✓ Cheap and abundant.
- ✓ Was not used before for X-LSP.

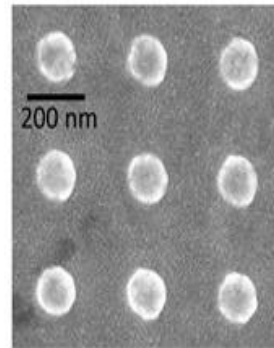
□ Knight, M et al. *ACS Nano* 8 (2014)



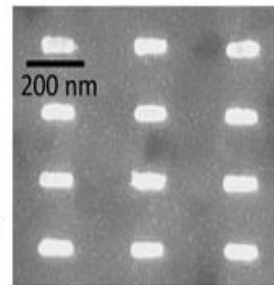
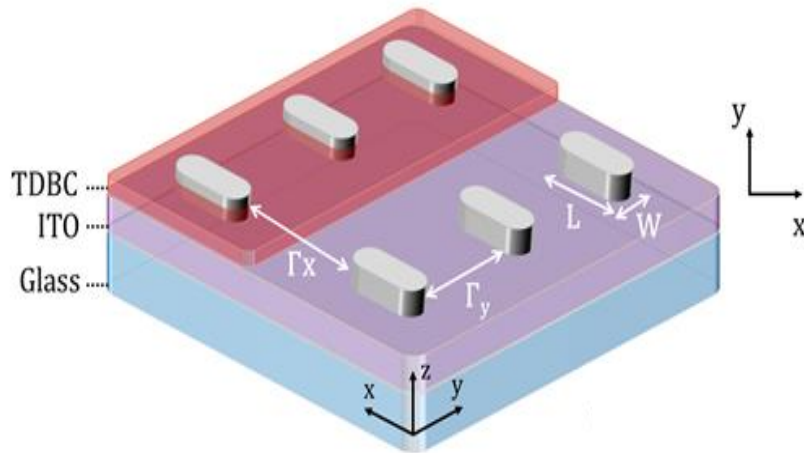
Aluminum Polaritonic Metasurface



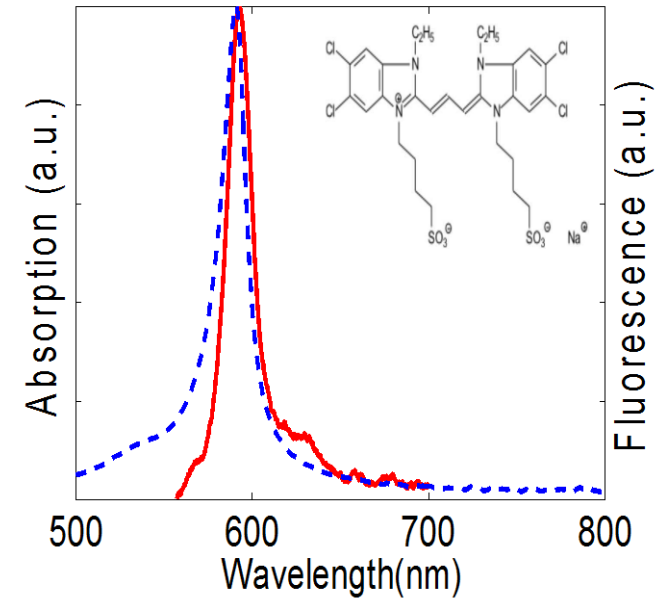
$$\Gamma = 180\text{nm}$$



$$\Gamma_x = 200\text{nm}, \Gamma_y = 150\text{nm}, W = 40\text{nm}$$

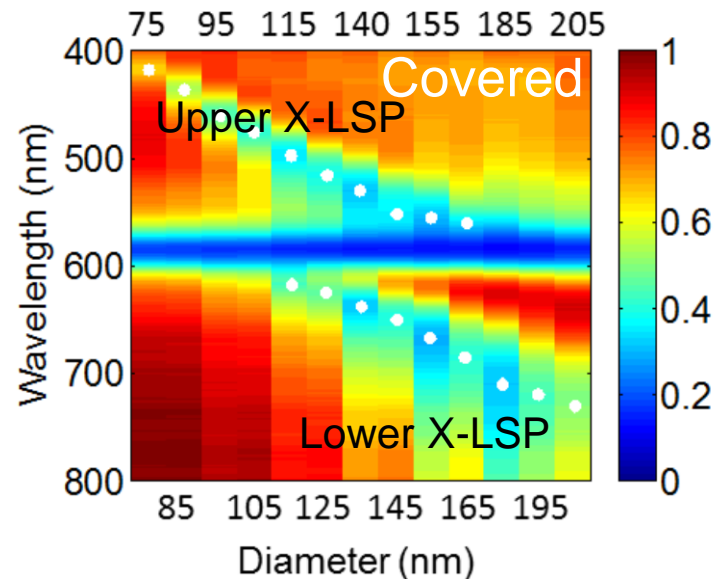
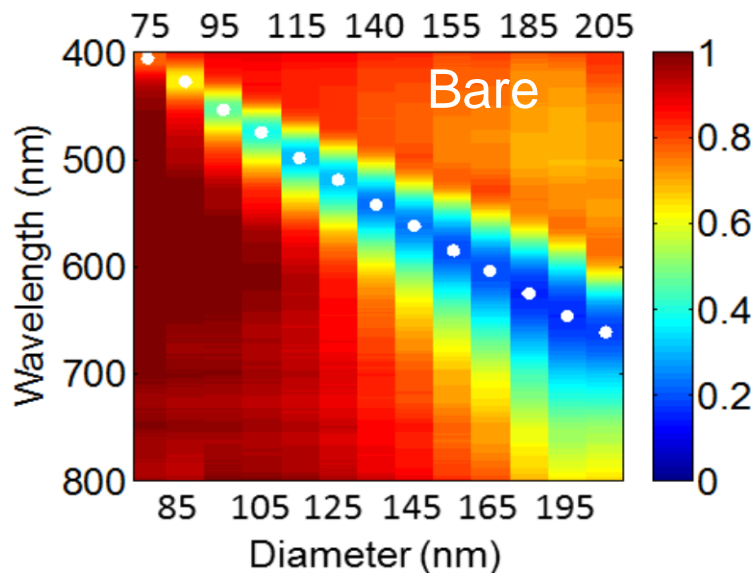


Molecular J-Aggregates

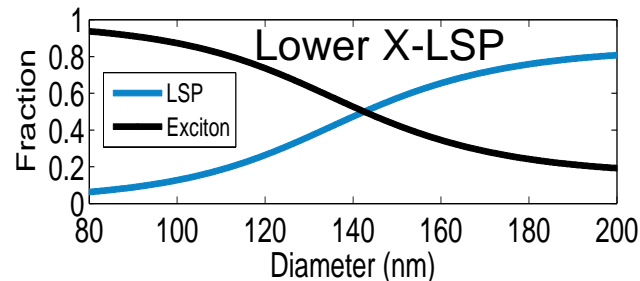
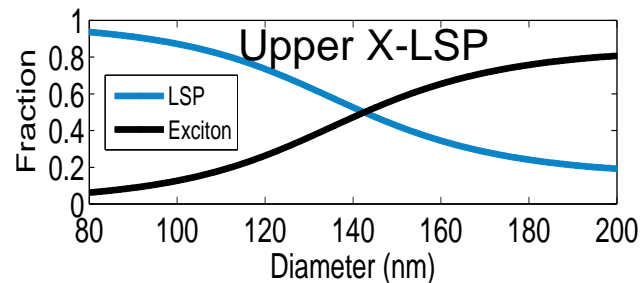
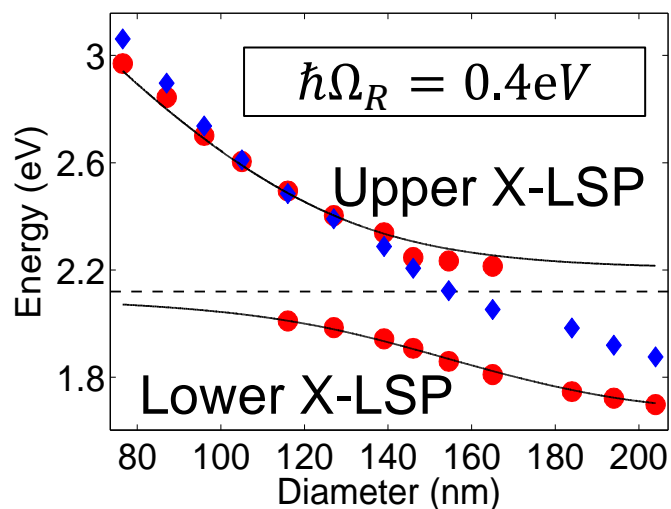


- ✓ Large transition dipole moment.
- ✓ Narrow absorbance and emission spectra.
- ✓ The excitation is delocalized.

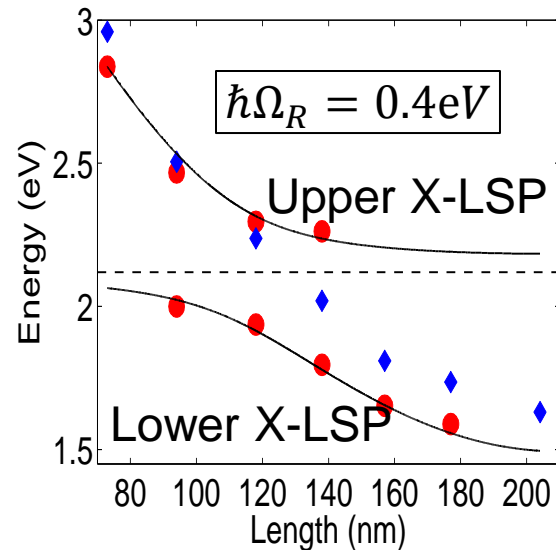
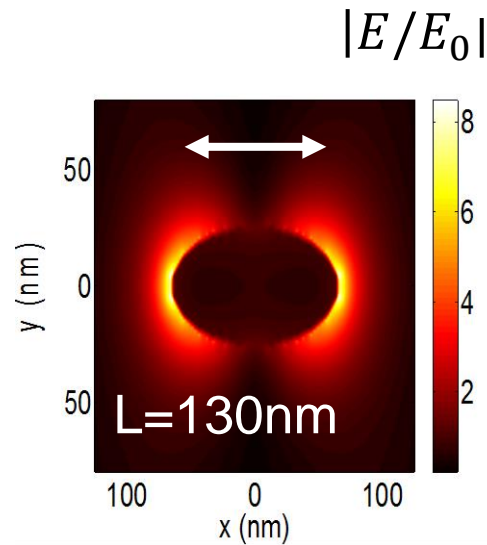
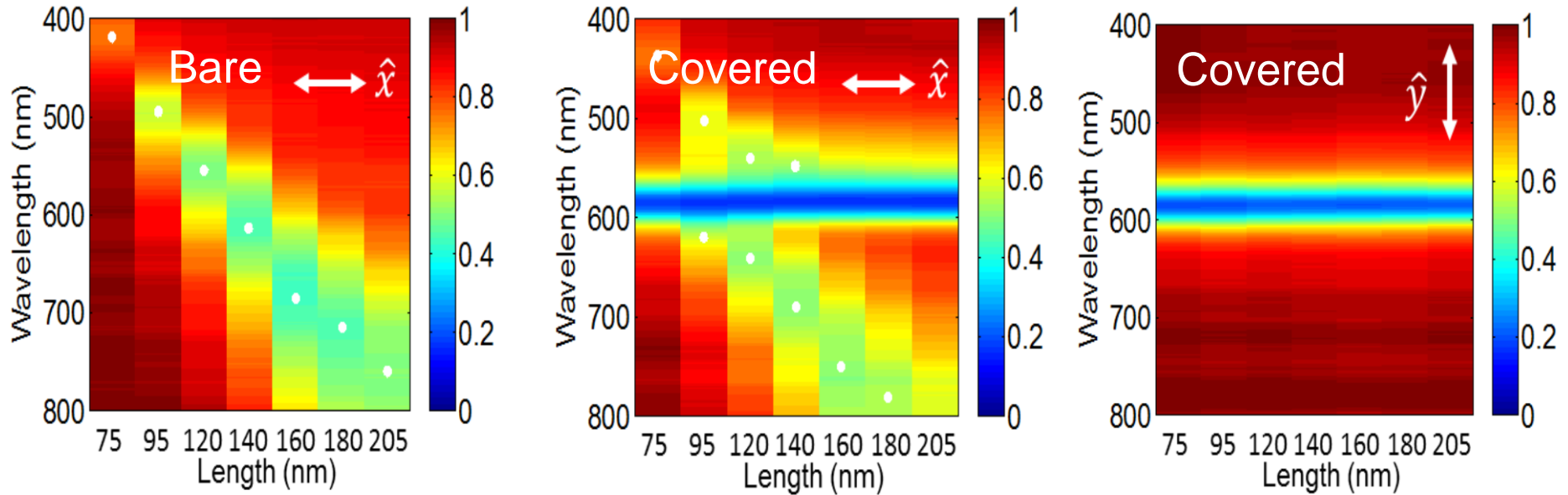
Probing Polaritons by Nanodisks transmission



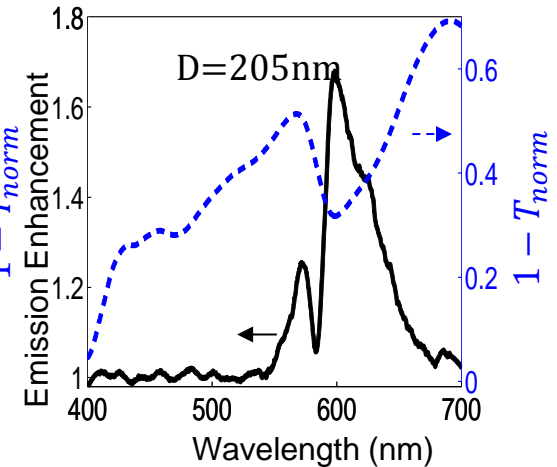
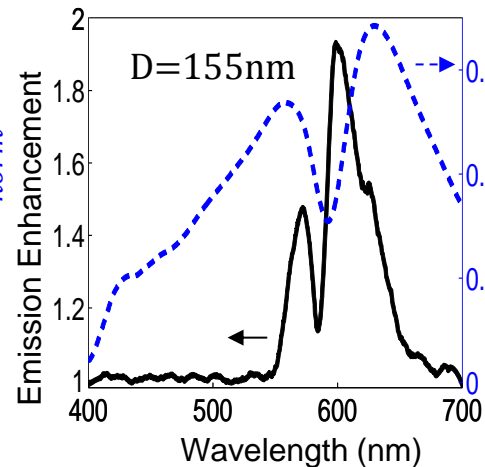
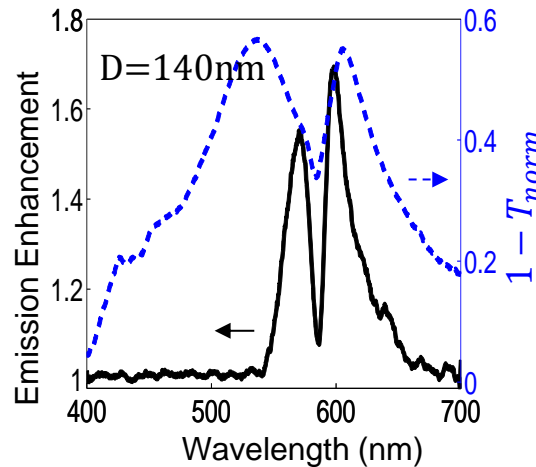
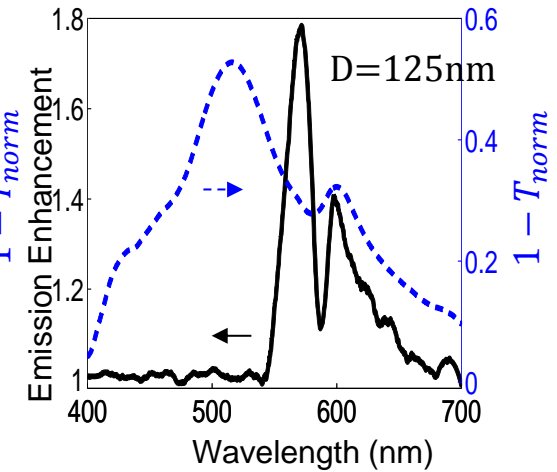
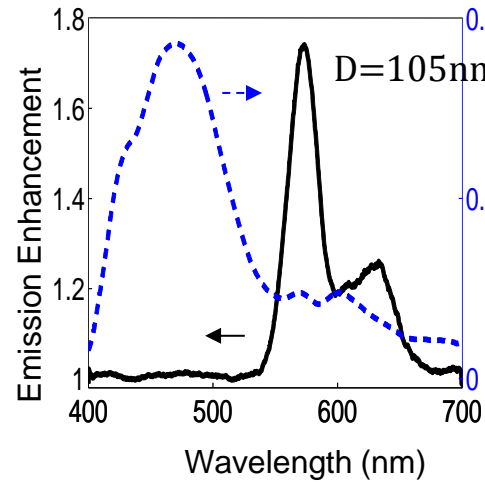
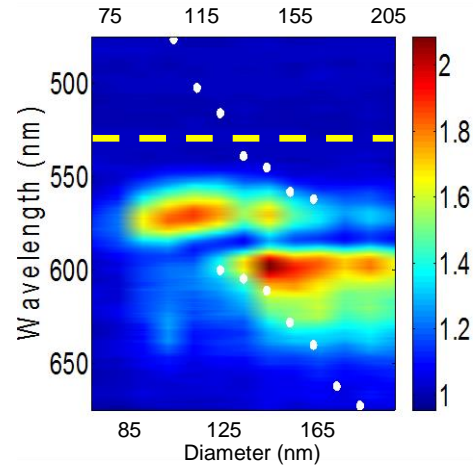
$$U_{LP,UP} = \frac{1}{2} [U_x + f \cdot U_{LSP} \pm \sqrt{4g^2 + (U_x - f \cdot U_{LSP})^2}]$$



Nanorods transmission -Polarized Polaritons



Emission pulling due to near field enhancement and increase of density of states



□ E. Eizner, O. Avayu, R. Ditcovski, T. Ellenbogen, Nano Letters **15**, 6215-6221(2015).

Sneak Peek to Another Story



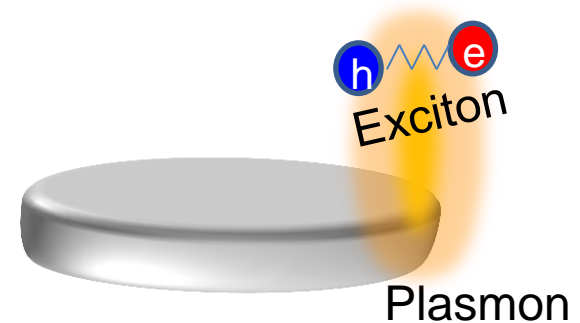
Summary

I Structural quadratic Nonlinearity



- ✓ Enhanced nonlinearity
- ✓ Easy integration
- ✓ Perfect engineering of nonlinearity
- ✓ Functional optical materials:
Nonlinear photonic crystals, Perfect beam shaping, SFG and DFG

II Exciton-plasmon hybridization

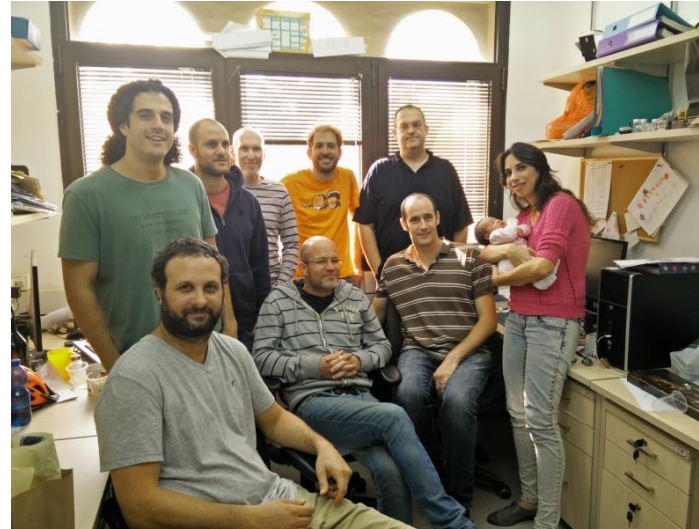


- ✓ Aluminum nanoantennas excellent platform for the formation of hybrid exciton-LSPs.
- ✓ Manipulate the polarization of the hybrid states and to confine their mode volumes.
- ✓ We observe enhancement of the emission

Acknowledgments

NEO LAB TEAM:

Ran Ditcovski
Elad Eizner
Ori Avayu
Shay Keren-Zur
Sharon Karepov
Itay Langstadter
Lior Michaeli
Barak Gilboa
Denis Karpov



website: www.eng.tau.ac.il/~tal/neolab

Funding



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